Contrasting approaches to dual diagnosis from Australia and other countries

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VDDI Forum WHAT'S OLD IS NEW AGAIN?
25 October, 2016



My 14 years with SUMITT & VDDI

- Primary & Secondary Consultation
- Mentoring & Supervision
- Tertiary Consultation
 - Policy & Procedure development
 - Screening & Assessment
 - Integrated treatment planning
 - "No Wrong Door" service systems
 - Service audits & evaluation
- Training & Education
- 2 websites

Opening minds to a brighter future



www.dualdiagnosis.org.au www.dualdiagnosis.ning.com



Victorian Health Department responses to dual diagnosis

2007

Victorian Dual Diagnosis Policy
Dual diagnosis- Key directions and priorities for service development

2012

Chief Psychiatrist's investigation of inpatient deaths 2008–2010

2013

Victorian strategic directions for co-occurring mental health and substance use conditions

Manufacture and the second sec

2014



Victoria's new Mental Health Act 2014



Opening million, righter future

I grew up in 2 silos in Victoria

MH services



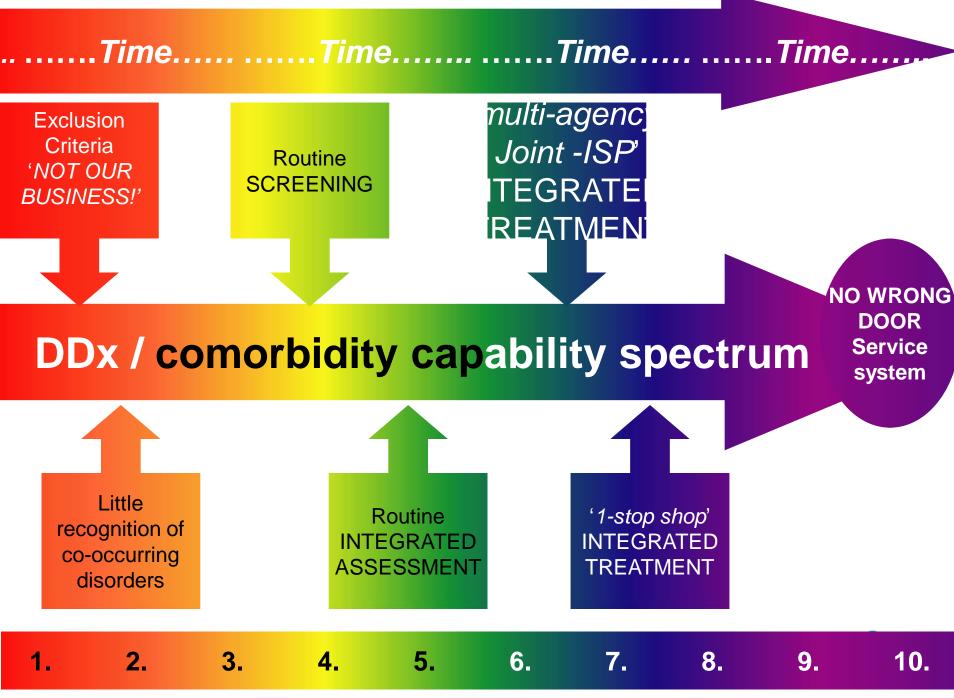
AOD services



Parallel treatment







Gary Croton Darren Bate



Victorian Dual Diagnosis Initiative when I finished up at SUMITT 2014

- High profile
 - High prevalence, 'the expectation, rather than the exception'
- Widespread screening & assessment
- Low adoption of integrated treatment models
 - Psychiatrists' and other clinicians attitudes
 - Stigma of AOD misuse
 - Reluctance to adopt 'No Wrong Door' or DD as 'core business'
 - Interprofessional cultural conflicts
 - Few resources to support government policy

Roberts & Mayberry (2014)





What assists clinical services in becoming dual diagnosis capable?

- Clinical leadership
 - -Clinical practice changes
- Training & education
 - Acquiring new competencies
- Communication
 - -Partnerships & agreements between services
- Institutional support
 - -Policies, resource allocation

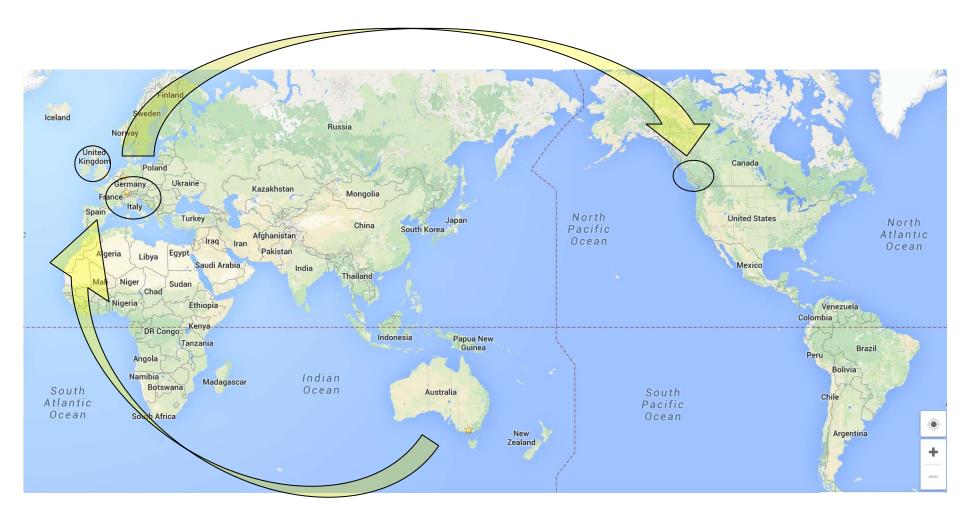
Brouselle et al (2010)



What is the international approach to dual diagnosis & integrated treatment ???







Zurich, Basel, Monza, Modena, Bologna, Pisa, Leeds, Birmingham & Vancouver



Features of integrated approaches

- Resourcing
 - Human
 - Financial
- Integration or colocation of AOD & MH services
- Clinical programmes

- Supervision
- Workforce development
- University affiliation
- Research



Good resourcing

Human

- Physicians as clinical leaders
- Psychiatrists, GPs, addiction & infectious disease physicians
- Nursing & Allied health: psychology, social work, health assistants, 'Recovery practitioners'

Financial

- State-funding often inadequate
- Insurance schemes



Integration or Co-location of MH & AOD services

Shared governance structures

Functioning collaborative agreements &

protocols

- Facilities
 - Inpatient/outpatient
 - Residential
 - Pharmacy





Longer-term options

- Stabilisation, detox & rehab
- Diagnostic clarification







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Outreach







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- Longer-term options
 - Stabilisation, detox & rehab
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- Outreach
- Day hospital
- General medical e.g. BBV
- Forensic
- Supervised consumption rooms
- Links with mutual help groups e.g. AA/NA/Smart



Supervised drug consumption rooms



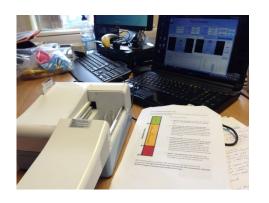




Psychosocial therapies

- Individual & group
- Multi-modes
 - CBT, Mindfulness
 - DBT
 - MI
 - Contingency management (Circle trial)
 - Integrated 'Social Behaviour & Network Therapy' (Leeds)
 - Cognitive-Behavioural Integrated Treatment (Birmingham)

- Personality disorder
- Trauma-focused
- Recovery
- Role of UDS?







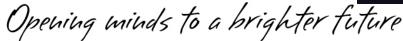
Pharmacotherapies

- Low v medium threshold OST
 - Methadone v Suboxone v LA Morphine
- Tobacco cessation
- Novel therapies
 - Heroin substitution
 - GHB
 - Ropinirole











Supervision & Workforce development

- Dual diagnosis teams
 - 'Compass' in Birmingham
 - When integrated services not present
- Supervision of staff & trainees
- Training & education
 - Multiple levels: basic compulsory, advanced targeted, specialist embedded in specific teams e.g. Early Intervention
 - Addiction psychiatry specialty not widespread



University affiliation & Research

- Neuroscience of addiction
- Clinical treatments
 - Psychosocial
 - Pharmacotherapies



- Teaching
 - Under-graduate & post-graduate



Barriers & future challenges

- Stigma
- Silo structures, separate clinical databases
- Disinterested clinical leaders
- Government policy
- Lack of family/carer involvement or initiatives
- Inconsistent approaches to tobacco
- Integration with physical health initiatives
 - E.g. Metabolic syndrome
- Gambling initiatives



Conclusions

- Good centres
- Resourcing important
- Vision & work of leaders
- Victoria's attempts

 silo systems with some adoption of integrated principles



Search for the Holy Grail of Integrated Treatment continues!





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Thank you!

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